

Assam University Silchar

Curriculum

for

Four Year Under Graduate Programme

in

ZOOLOGY

under

National Education Policy – 2020

w.e.f.

Academic Session 2023-24



Assam University, Silchar

NEP 2020 FYUGP Course Curriculum (Zoology)

Course Structure

Sem	DSC	DSM - 1	DSM – 2	IDC	SEC
I	ZOO:DSC-101 (3)Diversity of Non-chordatesZOO:DSC-102 (3)Diversity of Chordates	ZOO:DSM-101 (3) Animal Diversity	-	ZOO:IDC-101 (3) Understanding Life Processes	ZOO:SEC-101 (3) Apiculture
п	ZOO:DSC-151 (3) Cell Biology ZOO:DSC-152 (3) Practical – I		ZOO:DSM-151 (3) Cell Biology & Histology	ZOO:IDC-151 (3) Economic Zoology	ZOO:SEC-151 (3) Medical Diagnostics
Ш	ZOO:DSC-201 (4) Principles of Genetics ZOO:DSC-202 (4) Principles of Ecology	ZOO:DSM-201 (4) – Physiology & Biochemistry	-	ZOO:IDC-201 (3) Public Health & Hygiene	ZOO:SSEC-201 (3) Sericulture



IV	ZOO:DSC-251 (4) Histology ZOO:DSC-252 (4) Fundamentals of Biochemistry	ZOO:DSM-251 (3) Practical	ZOO:DSM-252 (3) Genetics & Molecular Biology	-	_
	DSC-253 (4) Practical - II				
	ZOO:DSC-301 (4)				
V	Animal Physiology	700-DSM 201 (2)	ZOO:DSM-302 (3) Evolution & Adaptation		
	ZOO:DSC-302 (4)	ZOO:DSM-301 (3)			
	Biochemistry of Metabolic Processes	Genetics & Molecular Biology		-	-
	ZOO:DSC-303 (4)				
	Practical - III				
	L		I		
	ZOO:DSC-351 (4)				
	Molecular Biology				
	ZOO:DSC-352 (4)				
VI	Evolutionary Biology	_	ZOO:DSM-351 (4)		
	ZOO:DSC-353 (4)		Practical		
	Reproductive & Developmental Biology				
	ZOO:DSC-354 (4)				
	Practical – IV				



VII	ZOO:DSC-401 (4) Immunology & Bio-technology ZOO:DSC-402 (4) Toxicology & Environmental Monitoring ZOO:DSC-403 (4) Animal Behaviour & Chronobiology	ZOO:DSM-401 (4) Evolution & Adaptation			
	ZOO:DSC-404 (4) Practical – V				
VIII	ZOO:DSC-451 (4) Research Methodology/Bio-techniques				
	& Biostatistics		ZOO:DSM-451 (4) Biological		
	ZOO:DSC-452 (4)				
	Fish & Fisheries				
	ZOO:DSC-453 (4) Applied Zoology		Techniques	Fechniques	
	ZOO:DSC-454 (4)				
	Comparative Anatomy & Sense Organs of Vertebrates				

Note- Figures in the parenthesis represent credits assigned to the paper.



Marks Distribution

DSC, DSM and IDC Papers: All theory papers will have 70% External evaluation and 30% internal evaluation. In practical papers, the marks distribution will be as follows:			SEC Papers	
	Marks		Marks	
Description	External Assessment (A)	Internal Assessment (B)	Theory	50
Major experiment	28	15	Practical*	30
Minor experiment	21	6	Internal	20
Viva-voce	14	6	Total	100
Record and submission	7	3	* Marks distribution is as given in the previous column marked (B)	
Total	70	30		



SEMESTER - I

ZOO: DSC-101

Course Title: Diversity of Non-chordates

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 45 (All units are of equal credits) Marks: 100

Learning Objective: To know the general characters and classification of Non-chordates and understand the increasing complexity of body forms

Unit 1: Protozoa and Porifera

- 1. General characters and classification of Protozoa up to classes; Nutrition, Locomotion and Reproduction in Protozoa
- 2. General characters and classification of Porifera up to classes; Canal system in sponges
- 3. Body symmetry and segmentation of Metazoa

Unit 2: Cnidaria and Ctenophora

- 1. General characteristics and Classification of Cnidaria up to classes
- 2. Life cycle of Obelia
- 4. Polymorphism in Siphonophora
- 5. Corals and coral reefs formation
- 6. General characteristics and affinities of Ctenophora

Unit 3: Helminthes and Annelids

- 1. General characters and classification of Platyhelminthes up to classes; Life cycle and pathogenicity of *Taenia solium*
- 2. General characters and classification of Nemathelminthes up to classes, Life cycle and pathogenicity of *Ascaris lumbricoides*, Concept of pseudocoelom
- 3. General characteristics and classification of Annelids up to classes; Evolution of coelom and metamerism, Digestion in Annelida with special reference to Leech

Unit 4: Arthropoda

- 1. General characters and classification of Arthropoda up to classes
- 2. Digestion, Vision and Respiration in Arthropoda with special reference to prawn
- 3. Characteristics and phylogenetic significance of Onychophora
- 4. Characteristics and phylogenetic significance of Limulus

Unit 5: Mollusca and Echinodermata

- 1. General characters and classification of Mollusca up to classes
- 2. Respiration in Mollusca with reference to Pila, Torsion and detorsion in gastropods
- 3. General characters and classification of Echinodermata up to classes
- 4. Water-vascular system in Asteroidea

Course Outcome: Students will be able to classify and describe the diverse groups of nonchordate animals.

Suggested Readings:

Ruppert EE, Fox RS, and Barnes RD. (2006). Invertebrate Zoology: A functional evolutionary approach. Cengage. 7th Edition



- Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P.J.W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002). The Invertebrates: A New Synthesis, III Edition, Blackwell Science
- Barrington, E.J.W. (1979). Invertebrate Structure and Functions. II Edition, E.L.B.S. and Nelson
- ➤ Ganguly, Sinha and Adhikari Biology of Animals Vol. I, New Central
- Kotpal RL. Modern text book of Zoology: Invertebrates. 12th Edition. Rastogi Publications.
- > Jordan EL, Verma PS. Invertebrate Zoology. S. Chand
- > Parker and Haswell. Textbook of Zoology Invertebrates. Vol I. 8TH Edition

ZOO: DSC-102

Course Title: Diversity of Chordates

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 45

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To know the general characters and classification of Chordata and their diversity

Unit 1: Taxonomy

- 1. Systematics and taxonomy, Taxonomic terms, Concept of Classification, Taxonomic Hierarchy, Taxonomic key, Taxonomic types
- 2. International Code of Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN), Binomial nomenclature
- 3. Principle of priority, Newer trend in systematics
- 4. Basic concept of Molecular Taxonomy and DNA Barcoding

Unit 2: Introduction to Chordates and Protochordates

- 1. General characteristics and outline classification of chordates
- 2. General characteristics of Hemichordata, Urochordata and Cephalochordata
- 3. Retrogressive metamorphosis in Urochordata
- 4. Advanced features of vertebrates over Protochordata

Unit 3: Agnatha and Fishes

- 1. General characteristics and classification of Cyclostomes up to class
- 2. Classification of fishes upto order
- 3. General characteristics of Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes
- 4. Migration, Osmoregulation and Parental care in fishes

Unit 4: Amphibia and Reptilia

- 1. General characteristics and classification up to order; Parental care in Amphibians
- 2. General characteristics, distribution and affinities of Sphenodon
- 3. Difference between poisonous and non-poisonous snakes
- 4. Poison apparatus and Biting mechanism in snakes



Unit 5: Aves and Mammals

- 1. General characteristics and classification of Aves up to order
- 2. Archaeopteryx: general characteristics and phylogenetic importance
- 3. Migration in birds; Flying and perching mechanism in birds
- 4. General characters and classification of mammals up to order; Echolocation of Bats

Course Outcome: Students will be able to classify and describe the diverse groups of chordate animals.

Suggested Readings:

- Mayr E (2015). *Principles of Systematic Zoology*. Scientific Publishers-Jodhpur
- Kapoor VC (2019). Theory and Practice of Animal Taxonomy and Biodiversity. Oxford & IBH Publishing; 8th Edition
- > Narendran TC (2009). An introduction to taxonomy. Zoological Survey of India.
- Paul DN, Hebert T, Gregory R (2005). The Promise of DNA Barcoding for Taxonomy. Systematic Biology. 54(5):852–859.
- > Young, J. Z. (2004). The Life of Vertebrates. III Edition. Oxford University press.
- > Pough H. Vertebrate life, VIII Edition, Pearson International.
- Ganguly, Sinha and Adhikari Biology of Animals, Vol II
- > Parker and Haswell. Textbook of Zoology Vertebrates. Vol II. 8TH Edition
- ▶ Kotpal RL. Modern text book of Zoology: Vertebrates. 12th Edition. Rastogi Publications.
- > Jordan EL, Verma PS. Chordate Zoology. S. Chand

ZOO: DSM-101

Course Title: Animal Diversity

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 45

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To know the general characters and classification of Non-chordates and Chordata as well as their diversity

Unit 1: Protozoa, Porifera and Cnidaria

- 1. General characters and classification of Protozoa up to classes; locomotion in Protozoa
- 2. General characters and classification of Porifera up to classes; Canal System in Sycon
- 3. General characters and classification up of Cnidaria to classes; Coral and Coral reef formation

Unit 2: Platyhelminthes, Nemathelmithes and Annelida

- 1. General characters and classification of Platyhelminthes up to classes; Life history of *Taenia solium*
- 2. General characters and classification of Nemathelminthes up to classes; Life history of *Ascaris lumbricoides*
- 3. General characters and classification of Annelida up to classes; Digestive System of Leech



Unit 3: Arthropoda, Mollusca and Echinodermata

- 1. General characters and classification of Arthropoda up to classes; Vision in Arthropoda
- 2. General characters and classification of Mollusca up to classes; Torsion in gastropods
- 3. General characters and classification of Echinodermata up to classes; Water- vascular system in Star Fish

Unit 4: Protochordates, Agnatha, Fishes and Amphibia

- 1. General features of Protochordates, Agnatha and Cyclostomes
- 2. General features and Classification of fishes up to orders; Osmoregulation in Fishes
- 3. General features and Classification of Amphibia up to orders; Parental care

Unit 5: Reptiles, Aves and Mammals

- 1. General features and Classification of Reptilia up to orders; Poisonous and non-poisonous snakes, Biting mechanism in snakes
- 2. General features and Classification of Aves up to orders; Flight adaptations in birds
- 3. Classification of Mammals up to orders; Monotremata, Marsupials and Placentals their characteristic features

Course Outcome: Students will be able to classify and describe the diverse groups of non-chordate and chordate animals.

Suggested Readings:

- Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). Invertebrate Zoology, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders International Edition.
- > Young, J. Z. (2004). The Life of Vertebrates. III Edition. Oxford university press.
- > Pough H. Vertebrate life, VIII Edition, Pearson International.
- Sanguly, Sinha and Adhikari Biology of Animals Vol. I, New Central
- ➢ Ganguly, Sinha and Adhikari − Biology of Animals, Vol II
- ▶ Kotpal RL. Modern text book of Zoology: Vertebrates. 12th Edition. Rastogi Publications.
- > Jordan EL, Verma PS. Invertebrate Zoology. S. Chand
- > Jordan EL, Verma PS. Chordate Zoology. S. Chand

ZOO: IDC-101

Course Title: Understanding Life Processes

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 45

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objectives: To know the fundamental biological processes that occur in living organisms

Unit 1: The Living World

- 1. Characteristics of Living Beings
- 2. Diversity in the Living World
- 3. Levels of organization for Living Beings



- 4. Binomial Nomenclature- rules of nomenclature
- 5. Zoological parks and Botanical gardens

Unit 2: Digestion and Absorption

- 1. Digestive system of Human
- 2. Process of digestion- digestion in mouth, stomach and small intestine
- 3. Absorption of digested products
- 4. Food and its types
- 5. Diseases due to nutritional deficiency

Unit 3: Respiration

- 1. Respiratory system of Human
- 2. Mechanism of breathing in human
- 3. Transport of gases- transport of Oxygen and Carbon dioxide
- 4. Respiratory volumes and capacities
- 5. Some respiratory disorders

Unit 4: Circulation

- 1. Circulatory system of human
- 2. Body fluids- blood and lymph
- 3. Blood Groups
- 4. Blood Pressure
- 5. Some disorders of circulatory system

Unit 5: Reproduction

- 1. Male reproductive system of human
- 2. Female reproductive system of human
- 3. Gametogenesis, Human sperm and human ovum
- 4. Menstrual cycle
- 5. Fertilisation

Course Outcome: Students will be able to demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the diverse life processes, their interconnections to sustain life.

- Taylor DJ, Green NPO, Stout GW (2005). Biological Science. Cambridge University Press; 3rd Edition.
- Enger E, Ross FC, Bailey D (2004). Concepts in Biology. McGraw-Hill Higher Education; 11th Edition
- Campbell, N.A. and Reece J.B (2011). Biology. Pearson, Benjamin; 9th Edition
- Biology XI and XII, NCERT, New Delhi



ZOO: SEC-101

Course Title: Apiculture

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

THEORY

Credits: 2

Contact hours: 30

Marks: 50

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To inculcate skills in apiary management

Unit 1: Biology of Bees

- 1. History, Classification and Biology of Honey Bees
- 2. Social Organization of Bee Colony

Unit 2: Rearing of Bees

- 1. Artificial Bee rearing (Apiary), Beehives Newton and Langstroth
- 2. Bee Pasturage, Selection of Bee Species for Apiculture
- 3. Bee Keeping Equipment
- 4. Methods of Extraction of Honey (Indigenous and Modern)

Unit 3: Diseases and Enemies

- 1. Bee Diseases and Enemies
- 2. Control and Preventive measures

Unit 4: Bee Economy

1. Products of Apiculture Industry and its Uses (Honey, Bees Wax, Propolis), Pollen

Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Apiculture

- 1. Bee Keeping Industry Govt initiatives and recent efforts
- 2. Modern methods in employing artificial Beehives for cross pollination in horticultural gardens

Course Outcome: Students will be able to apply their knowledge and skills in apiculture to establish and manage their own beekeeping operations successfully.

- Selby C. Beekeeping: *A Beginner's Guide To Backyard Beekeeping*. 2nd Edition
- > Prost, P. J. Apiculture. Oxford and IBH, New Delhi.
- Bisht D.S., *Apiculture*, ICAR Publication.
- Singh S., Beekeeping in India, Indian council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi.



SEC-101: PRACTICAL

Credit: 1 Contact Hours: 30

Marks: 30

- 1. Identification of different casts in honeybees-Queen, drones and workers
- 2. Structure of honey comb-different type of cells for queen, drones and workers
- 3. Morphological peculiarities of worker bees-Honey and pollen storage structures
- 4. Identification of bee keeping instruments and bee hives
- 5. Visit to an Apiculture Farm and Preparation of a Field Report/Project Report/PowerPoint presentation



SEMESTER - II

ZOO: DSC-151

Course Title: Cell Biology

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 45

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To understand structure and functions of cell and cell organelles

Unit 1: Overview of the Cells

- 1. History of discovery of cell, diversity of cell size and shape
- 2. Cell theory
- 3. General characters of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells
- 4. Structure of Virus, Viroids, Mycoplasma and Prions

Unit 2: Membrane and Endomembrane Systems

- 1. Various models of plasma membrane structure
- 2. Transport across membranes: Active and Passive transport, Facilitated transport
- 3. Cell junctions: Tight junctions, Desmosomes, Gap junctions
- 4. Structure and functions of Endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi apparatus and Lysosomes

Unit 3: Mitochondria, Ribosomes and Peroxisomes

- 1. Mitochondria: Structure and function, Semi-autonomous nature
- 2. Endosymbiotic hypothesis
- 3. Ribosomes: types, structure and functions
- 4. Peroxisomes: Structure and function

Unit 4: Nucleus and Cytoskeleton

- 1. Structure of Nucleus: Nuclear envelope, Nuclear pore complex, Nucleolus
- 2. Chromatin: Euchromatin and Heterochromatin and packaging (nucleosome)
- 3. Structure and Functions: Microtubules, Microfilaments and Intermediate filaments

Unit 5: Cell Division and Cell Signalling

- 1. Mitosis and Meiosis
- 2. Cell cycle and its regulation
- 3. GPCR and Role of second messenger (cAMP)

Course Outcome: Students will be able to apply their knowledge of cell biology to explain cellular processes and their implications in the broader context of biological systems.

- Bruce Albert, Bray Dennis, Levis Julian, Raff Martin, Roberts Keith and Watson James (2008). Molecular Biology of the Cell, V Edition, Garland publishing Inc., New York and London.
- Karp, G. (2010). Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.



- Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. (2009). The Cell: A Molecular Approach. V Edition. ASM Press and Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA.
- > Lodish H, Berk A, Kaiser CA, et al (2007). Molecular Cell Biology. VI Edition. W. H. Freeman
- De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. (2006). Cell and Molecular Biology. VIII Edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.

ZOO: DSC-152

Course Title: Practical – I (Non-chordates, Chordates and Cell Biology)

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

Learning objectives: To understand the classification, diversity, and characteristics of nonchordates and chordates and to develop knowledge of cell biology

Non-chordates:

- 1. Study of whole mount of *Euglena, Amoeba and Paramecium, Binary fission and Conjugation in Paramecium*
- 2. Examination of pond water collected from different places for diversity in Protista
- 3. Study of museum specimen for identification from each non-chordate phyla (Slides/micro-photographs)
- 4. One specimen/slide of any ctenophore
- 5. Mount of mouth parts and digestive system and nervous system of Periplaneta

Chordates:

- 1. Study of museum specimen from Protochordates, hemichordate and Cephalochordata
- 2. Sections of *Balanoglossus* through, proboscis and branchiogenital regions
- 3. Sections of *Amphioxus* through pharyngeal, intestinal and caudal regions.
- 4. Study of museum specimens from Agnatha, Fishes, Amphibia, Reptilia and Mammalia.
- 5. Key for Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes
- 6. Study of six common birds from different orders. Types of beaks and claws
- 7. Mount of Weberian ossicles, pecten from Fowl head

Cell Biology:

- 1. Preparation of temporary stained squash of onion root tip to study various stages of mitosis
- 2. Study of various stages of meiosis.
- 3. Preparation of permanent slide to show the presence of Barr body in human female exfoliated cells from the cheek.

Course outcome: Students will have a comprehensive understanding of non-chordates, chordates, and cell biology, enabling them to analyze and interpret the biological aspects of animals at the cellular and organismal levels.



ZOO: DSM-151

Course Title: Cell Biology & Histology

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 45

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To know structure, functions and organisation of cells and tissues.

Unit 1: Overview of Cell and plasma membrane

- 1. Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells, Cell theory
- 2. Various models of plasma membrane structure
- 3. Transport across membranes: Active and Passive transport, Facilitated transport
- 4. Cell junctions: Tight junctions, Desmosomes, Gap junctions

Unit 2: Cell Organelles

- 1. Structure and functions of Endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi apparatus and Lysosomes
- 2. Mitochondria: Structure and function, Semi-autonomous nature
- 3. Peroxisomes: Structure and function
- 4. Structure and function of Nucleus, Nucleolus

Unit 3: Cytoskeleton, Chromatin and Cell Cycle

- 1. Structure and Functions: Microtubules, Microfilaments and Intermediate filaments
- 2. Chromatin: Euchromatin and Heterochromatin and packaging (nucleosome)
- 3. Cell cycle and its regulation

Unit 4: Epithelial Tissue and Connective Tissue

- 1. Types, structure, location, and functions of epithelial tissue.
- 2. Types, structure, location, and functions of connective tissue proper (Loose and Dense).
- 3. Types, structure, location, and functions of specialised connective tissue

Unit 5: Muscular and Nervous Tissues

- 1. Types and functions of muscles, Ultra structure of skeletal muscle
- 2. Neurons: Structure, types and functions
- 3. Glia Cells: Structure, types and functions
- 4. Synapse: Structure and types

Course Outcome: Students will be able to apply their knowledge of cell biology and histology to explain cellular processes and their implications in the broader context of biological systems.

- Karp, G. (2010). Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.
- Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. (2009). The Cell: A Molecular Approach. V Edition. ASM Press and Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA.



- Bruce Albert, Bray Dennis, Levis Julian, Raff Martin, Roberts Keith and Watson James (2008). Molecular Biology of the Cell, V Edition, Garland publishing Inc., New York and London.
- Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E. (2011). Textbook of Medical Physiology, XII Edition, Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd/ W.B. Saunders Company
- Pushpalatha K and Bhat D (2022). Inderbir Singh's Textbook of Human Histology. X Edition. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers

ZOO: IDC-151

Course Title: Economic Zoology

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 45

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning objectives: To know the economic importance of animals and their applications in various human activities.

Unit 1: Medical Zoology

- 1. Basic concept of pandemic, epidemic, endemic, and outbreak
- 2. Basic concept of parasite, zoonotic diseases with examples
- 3. Basic concept of communicable and non-communicable diseases with examples

Unit 2: Economically Important Insects

- 1. Basic concept of artificial harvesting of honey
- 2. Culture of Silkworm for various types of silk production
- 3. Culture of lac insect for lac production

Unit 3: Fish and Fishery

- 1. Types of commercial fishes, Construction and management of ponds for fish culture
- 2. Composite fish culture
- 3. Ornamental fishes

Unit 4: Livestock Farming I

- 1. Importance of animal husbandry in food production
- 2. Overview of different livestock organisms used in Assam and their characteristics.
- 3. Common diseases affecting livestock and their prevention; Vaccination schedules

Unit 5: Livestock Farming II

- 1. Poultry farming, common diseases and preventive measures
- 2. Selection criteria for dairy animals, milking techniques, Managing reproductive cycles and lactation in dairy cows
- 3. Ethical considerations in using animals for animal husbandry practices

Course Outcome: Students will be able to apply economic zoology concepts and techniques to address practical challenges in areas such as animal husbandry, and sustainable resource management.



Marks: 100

Suggested Readings:

- Shukla GS and Upadhyay VB (2016). Economic Zoology. Rastogi Publications. 5th Edition
- ➤ Islam A (2020). A Textbook of Economic Zoology. Dreamtech Press
- Chatterjee KD (2019). Parasitology (Protozoology and Helminthology). CBS, 13th Edition
- Mathialagan P (2020). Textbook of Animal Husbandry: Extension Education. CBS Publishers & Distributors; 4th Edition

ZOO: SEC-151

Course Title: Medical Diagnostics

Credits: 3	Contact hours: 60		
	THEORY		

Credits: 2	Contact hours: 30	Marks: 50

Learning objectives: To understand the principles and techniques used in medical diagnostics

Unit 1: Introduction and Haematology

- 1. Importance of medical diagnostics
- 2. Blood composition, Preparation of blood smear and Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC) using Leishman's stain
- 3. Platelet count using haemocytometer
- 4. Erythrocyte Sedimentary Rate (ESR), Packed Cell Volume (PCV)

Unit 2: Diagnostic Methods used for Sputum, Urine and Stool Analysis

- 1. Sputum analysis: Physical characteristics and abnormal constituents
- 2. Urine Analysis: Physical characteristics and abnormal constituents
- 3. Stool Analysis: Physical characteristics and abnormal constituents

Unit 3: Non-infectious Diseases

- 1. Diabetes (Type I and Type II): Causes, types, symptoms, complications, diagnosis and prevention
- 2. Hypertension (Primary and secondary): Causes, types, symptoms, complications, diagnosis and prevention
- 3. Cancer: Basics, benign and malignant tumour, metastasis, Detection

Unit 4: Infectious Diseases

- 1. Tuberculosis: Causes, types, symptoms, diagnosis and prevention
- 2. Hepatitis: Causes, types, symptoms, diagnosis and prevention



Unit 5: Medical Imaging Techniques

- 1. X-Ray: Basic principle and applications
- 2. CT Scan: Basic principle, types and applications
- 3. MRI: Basic principle, types and applications
- 4. Sonography: Basic principle and applications

Course Outcome: Students will be able to apply knowledge of medical diagnostic techniques for disease identification and management.

Suggested Readings:

- Kumar V, Abul K. Abbas AK, Jon C. Aster JC, Singh MK (2020). Robbins and Cortan, Pathologic Basis of Disease, X Edition, Elsevier Health Science; South ASIA edition.
- > Park, K. (2007), Preventive and Social Medicine, B.B. Publishers
- Godkar P.B. and Godkar D.P. Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology, II Edition, Bhalani Publishing House
- Cheesbrough M., A Laboratory Manual for Rural Tropical Hospitals, A Basis for Training Courses
- Suyton A.C. and Hall J.E. Textbook of Medical Physiology, Saunders
- Prakash, G. (2012), Lab Manual on Blood Analysis and Medical Diagnostics, S. Chand and Co. Ltd.

SEC – 151: PRACTICAL

Credit: 1

Contact Hours: 30

Marks: 30

- 1. Identifications of different cellular components of blood.
- 2. Identifications of different types of vials used in medical diagnosis.
- 3. Determination of Rh factor of blood.
- 4. Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC) using Leishman's stain.
- 5. Detection of pH, sugar and protein in a sample of human urine.



SEMESTER - III

ZOO: DSC-201

Course Title: Principles of Genetics

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To understand basic principles in heredity and inheritance

Unit 1: Mendelian Genetics and its Extension

- 1. Principles of inheritance
- 2. Incomplete dominance and co-dominance
- 3. Allele concept: Multiple alleles, pseudo allele and lethal allele
- 4. Epistasis, Additivity, Pleiotropy

Unit 2: Linkage, Crossing Over and Chromosomal Mapping

- 1. Linkage: Concept and significance
- 2. Crossing over: Concept and mechanism
- 3. Models of recombination
- 4. Linkage map coincidence, interference

Unit 3: Sex Determination and Extranuclear Inheritance

- 1. Chromosomal, environmental and hormonal mechanisms of sex determination
- 2. Sex-linked, sex-influenced and sex-limited characters inheritance
- 3. Maternal effects and cytoplasmic inheritance
- 4. Mitochondrial mutations

Unit 4: Important Concepts in Genetics I

- 1. Concept of Polygenic inheritance with suitable examples
- 2. Complementation test in Bacteriophage
- 3. Gene transfer mechanism: Conjugation, Transformation and Transduction

Unit 5: Important Concepts in Genetics II

- 1. Types of chromosomal aberrations
- 2. Giant chromosome (Polytene and Lampbrush): Structure and functions
- 3. Genetic disorders and Pedigree analysis

Course Outcome: Students will be able to apply principles of genetics to explain inheritance patterns and analyze various genetic disorders

- Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., Snustad, D.P. (2008). Principles of Genetics. VIII Edition. Wiley India
- Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler, S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll, S.B. Introduction to Genetic Analysis. IX Edition. W. H. Freeman and Co



- Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A. (2012). Concepts of Genetics. X Edition. Benjamin Cummings
- Strickberger MW (2015). Genetics. III Edition. Pearson Education India
- Russel PJ (2016). iGenetics A molecular Approach. III Edition. Pearson Education India

ZOO: DSC-202

Course Title: Principles of Ecology

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To understand Principles and the concepts in ecology and wildlife management

Unit 1: Introduction to Ecology

- 1. Definition of ecology, Autecology and synecology
- 2. Levels of organization, Laws of limiting factors
- 3. Biotic and abiotic factors; Animal adaptations to physical environment
- 4. Ecological habitat and niche

Unit 2: Ecosystem

- 1. Components of ecosystem, Types of ecosystems with examples
- 2. Food chain, Food web, Energy flow through the ecosystem
- 3. Ecological pyramids, Ecological efficiencies, Productivity
- 4. Biogeochemical cycle: Nitrogen cycle, Carbon cycle, Phosphorous cycle

Unit 3: Population

- 1. Unique and group attributes of population: Density, natality, mortality, life tables, fecundity tables, survivorship curves
- 2. Exponential and logistic growth
- 3. Population regulation: density-dependent and independent factors
- 4. Population interactions: negative and positive interactions; Gause's Principle; Lotka-Volterra equation for competition and Predation

Unit 4: Community

- 1. Community structure and characteristics: species richness, dominance, diversity, abundance, vertical stratification
- 2. Ecotone and edge effect; Ecological succession with example
- 3. Theories pertaining to climax community

Unit 5: Applied Ecology

- 1. Concept of sanctuary, national park, biosphere reserve
- 2. Ecology in Wildlife Conservation and Management
- 3. Causes of depletion of wildlife
- 4. Project Tiger, Project Rhino
- 5. Application of GIS and remote sensing in wildlife biology



Course Outcome: Students will be able to explain ecological concepts and apply them to real-world scenarios, contributing to sustainable practices and ecosystem conservation.

Suggested Readings:

- Colinvaux, P. A. (1993). Ecology. II Edition. Wiley, John and Sons, Inc.
- ≻ Krebs, C. J. (2001). Ecology. VI Edition. Benjamin Cummings.
- > Odum, E.P., (2008). Fundamentals of Ecology. Indian Edition. Brooks/Cole
- Robert Leo Smith Ecology and field biology Harper and Row publisher
- Ricklefs, R.E., (2000). Ecology. V Edition. Chiron Press
- Curningham and Curingham Environmental Science, Mc Graw Hill
- Verma and Agarwal Environmental Biology, S Chand
- Sharma PD (204). Ecology and Environment. XIII Edition. Rastogi Publications

ZOO: DSM-201

Course Title: Physiology and Biochemistry

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning objectives: To know the fundamental principles underlying animal physiology and biochemical processes.

Unit 1: Digestion and Respiration

- 1. Physiology of digestion in the alimentary canal; Absorption of carbohydrates, proteins & lipids
- 2. Pulmonary ventilation, Respiratory volumes and capacities, Transport of Oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood

Unit 2: Excretion and Cardiovascular System

- 1. Structure of nephron, Mechanism of Urine formation, Counter-current Mechanism
- 2. Composition of blood, Haemostasis, Structure of Heart, Origin and conduction of the cardiac impulse, Cardiac cycle

Unit 3: Reproduction and Endocrine Glands

- 1. Physiology of male reproduction: spermatogenesis; Physiology of female reproduction: oogenesis, menstrual cycle and its hormonal control
- 2. Structure and function of pituitary, thyroid, Parathyroid, pancreas and adrenal gland

Unit 1: Nerve and Muscle

- 1. Resting membrane potential; Graded potential, Action potential: Properties, its origin and conduction across the myelinated and non-myelinated nerve fibres
- 2. Mechanism of Synaptic transmission
- 3. Mechanism of skeletal muscle contraction



Unit 5: Enzymes and Metabolism

- 1. Classification and nomenclature of enzymes, Mechanism of action, Enzyme Kinetics
- 2. Glycolysis, Krebs Cycle, Pentose phosphate pathway, Electron transport chain
- 3. β-oxidation of fatty acid, Transamination, Deamination and Urea Cycle

Course Outcome: Students will be able to explain the physiological and biochemical basis of animal functions and demonstrate the application of this knowledge in the field of zoology.

Suggested Readings:

- Kim E. Barrett KE, Barman SM, Yuan J X.-J., Brooks H (2019). Ganong's Review of Medical Physiology, McGraw-Hill Education / Medical; 26th Edition.
- Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E. (2011). Textbook of Medical Physiology, XII Edition, Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd/ W.B. Saunders Company
- Berg, J. M., Tymoczko, J. L. and Stryer, L. (2006). *Biochemistry*. VI Edition. W.H. Freeman & Co.
- Nelson, D. L., Cox, M. M. and Lehninger, A.L. (2009). Principles of Biochemistry. IV Edition. W.H. Freeman and Co.
- Murray, R.K., Granner, D.K., Mayes, P.A. and Rodwell, V.W. (2009). Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry. XXVIII Edition. Lange Medical Books/Mc Graw Hill.

ZOO: IDC-201

Course Title: Public Health & Hygiene

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 45

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning objectives: To know essentials of public health and sanitation thereby warding off diseases and uplifting the living standards of the community

Unit 1: Nutrition & Dietetics

- 1. Nutrition definition, importance of Carbohydrate, Protein, Lipids and Minerals
- 2. Balanced diet Basics of meal planning, Concept of energy, calories,
- 3. Food adulteration and food fortification

Unit 2: Reproductive Health & Family Welfare

- 1. Maternal health, Population control and family welfare
- 2. Sexually transmitted diseases HIV/AIDS, syphilis, gonorrhea
- 3. Management of diseases like Obesity, Diabetes mellitus, Cardiovascular disorders,

Unit 3: Health & Diseases

- 1. Health-Education: Health dynamicity definition, factors influencing health, health and socio-economic development.
- 2. Communicable diseases and prevention: Malaria, Typhoid, Hepatitis (Jaundice) and, Diarrhea
- 3. Other vector borne diseases: Dengue, chikunguniya: causes and prevention methods.



Unit 4: Environmental & Mental Health

- 1. Environmental health Determinants of environmental health; Occupational environment and health concerns
- 2. Environment and Health hazards: Environmental Pollution Air, Water, Land and Noise and associated health hazards
- 3. Psychological stresses, depressive disorders
- 4. Stress reduction and management-importance of yoga

Unit 5: Lifestyle & Hygiene

- 1. Ill effects of smoking, alcoholism, substance abuse and drug abuse
- 2. Hygiene: Definition, personal hygiene- body odour, oral hygiene, grooming, feminine hygiene, hand washing, toiletry.
- 3. Community Hygiene, Environmental Sanitation and Sanitation in Public places occupational hygiene

Course outcome: Students will gain a comprehensive understanding of public health and hygiene, enabling them to contribute to disease prevention and promote healthier communities.

Suggested Readings:

- Jatin V. Modi and Renjith S. Chawan. Essentials of Public Health and Sanitation–Part I-IV
- Murray, C. J. L. and A.D. Lopez. (1996). The Global Burden of Disease. World Health
- ➢ Organization.
- > Park, J.E. and Park, K. Textbook of Community Health for Nurses.
- Swaminathan S. Principles of Nutrition and Dietetics.

ZOO: SEC-201

Course Title: Sericulture

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

THEORY

Credits: 2

Contact hours: 30

Marks: 50

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning objectives: To inculcate knowledge on cultivation and commercial production of silkworms for the sustainable production of silk fibers.

Unit 1: Introduction

- 1. Sericulture: Definition, history and present status; Silk route
- 2. Types of silkworms, Distribution and Races
- 3. Exotic and indigenous races; Mulberry and non-mulberry Sericulture



Unit 2: Biology of Silkworm

- 1. Life cycle of Bombyx mori
- 2. Structure of silk gland and secretion of silk

Unit 3: Rearing of Silkworms

- 1. Selection of mulberry variety and establishment of mulberry garden Rearing house and rearing appliances
- 2. Disinfectants: Formalin, bleaching powder, RKO
- 3. Silkworm rearing technology: Early age and Late age rearing Types of mountages; Spinning, harvesting and storage of cocoons

Unit 4: Pests and Diseases

- 1. Pests of silkworm: Uzi fly, dermestid beetles and vertebrates
- 2. Pathogenesis of silkworm diseases: Protozoan, viral, fungal and bacterial Control and prevention of pests and diseases

Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Sericulture

- 1. Prospectus of Sericulture in India: Sericulture industry in different states, employment
- 2. Potential in mulberry and non-mulberry sericulture

Course Outcome: Students will be able to demonstrate competence in sericulture practices, understand the silk production cycle, and effectively manage silk worm rearing and silk processing operations.

Suggested Readings

- Manual on Sericulture; Food and Agriculture Organisation, Rome 1976
- > Handbook of Practical Sericulture: S.R. Ullal and M.N. Narasimhanna CSB, Bangalore
- Silkworm Rearing and Disease of Silkworm, 1956, Ptd. By Director of Ptg., Stn. & Pub. Govt. Press, Bangalore
- Handbook of Silkworm Rearing: Agriculture and Technical Manual-1, Fuzi Pub. Co. Ltd., Tokyo, Japan1972.
- Manual of Silkworm Egg Production; M. N. Narasimhanna, CSB, Bangalore 1988.
- Improved Method of Rearing Young age silkworm; S. Krishnaswamy, reprinted CSB, Bangalore, 1986.

SEC-201: PRACTICAL

Credit: 1

Contact Hours: 30

Marks: 30

- 1. Identification of Mulberry and non-mulberry silk worms, exotic and Indigenous species
- 2. Study of Life Cycle of Bombyx mori: a) Morphology of egg, larva, pupa and adult of silkworm
- 3. Sex separation in larva, pupa and adult of silkworm Bombyx mori
- 4. Identification of silkworm rearing appliances
- 5. Identification of various food plants of silk worm
- 6. Identification of Pests & Predators of silkworms
- 6. Visit to a Sericulture Farm and Preparation of a Field Report/Project Report/ PowerPoint presentation



SEMESTER - IV

Course Code: DSC-251

Course Title: Histology

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning objectives: To know the microscopic structure and organization of animal tissues, organs and their functions.

Unit 1: Epithelial Tissue and Connective Tissue Proper

- 1. Types, structure, location, and functions of epithelial tissue.
- 2. Types, structure, location, and functions of connective tissue proper (Loose and Dense).

Unit 2: Specialised Connective Tissue

- 1. Blood: Components and their functions.
- 2. Structure and functions of haemoglobin.
- 3. Blood as a buffer system; Blood groups: ABO, Rh factor, MN, Golden blood
- 4. Structure types and functions of bones and cartilages

Unit 3: Muscular Tissues

- 1. Types and functions of muscles;
- 2. Ultrastructure of skeletal muscle
- 3. Molecular and chemical basis of skeletal muscle contraction; isotonic and isometric contraction
- 4. Characteristics of muscle twitch; treppe, summation and tetanus; Electromyography

Unit 4: Nervous Tissues

- 1. Neurons: Structure, types and functions; Neuron doctrine
- 2. Classification and properties of nerve fibres
- 3. Glia Cells: Structure, types and functions
- 4. Synapse: Structure and types; Neuromuscular junction

Unit 5: Histology of Organs

- 1. Structural organization of gastrointestinal tract and functions of associated glands
- 2. Structure of salivary glands, liver, pancreas and lungs
- 3. Structural organisation of mammalian heart, histology of blood vessels
- 4. Structure of kidney and its functional unit

Course Outcome: Students will be able to analyze and classify animal tissues, comprehend their functions, and apply histological techniques for research and diagnostic purposes.

Suggested Readings:

Pushpalatha K and Bhat D (2022). Inderbir Singh's Textbook of Human Histology. X Edition. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers



- Kim E. Barrett KE, Barman SM, Yuan J X.-J., Brooks H (2019). Ganong's Review of Medical Physiology, McGraw-Hill Education / Medical; 26th Edition.
- Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E. (2011). Textbook of Medical Physiology, XII Edition, Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd/ W.B. Saunders Company
- Eric R. Kandel ER, Koester JD, Mack SH (2021). Principles of Neural Science. VI Edition, McGraw Hill Medical

ZOO: DSC-252

Course Title: Fundamentals of Biochemistry

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To understand structure and functions of bio-molecules

Unit 1: Carbohydrates

- 1. Structure and Biological importance of Monosaccharides
- 2. Structure and Biological importance of Oligosaccharides
- 3. Structure and Biological importance of Polysaccharides
- 4. Glycosylation and Glycoconjugates

Unit 2: Lipids

- 1. Classification of lipids
- 2. Structure and Significance of physiologically important saturated and unsaturated fatty acids
- 3. Triacylglycerols, Phospholipids, Glycolipids, Steroids

Unit 3: Proteins

- 1. Amino acids: Structure, Classification and General properties of α-amino acids; Physiological importance of essential and non-essential α-amino acids
- 2. Classification of proteins, Levels of organization in proteins, bonds stabilizing protein structure

Unit 4: Enzymes and Vitamins

- 1. Nomenclature, classification and properties of enzymes; Mechanism of enzyme action
- 2. Enzyme kinetics, Concept of Km and Vmax, Lineweaver and Burk plot, Factors affecting rate of enzyme-catalysed reactions
- 3. Vitamins: Classification, properties and functions

Unit 5: Nucleic Acids

- 1. Structure of Purines and Pyrimidines, Nucleosides, Nucleotides, Base pairing, Hoogsteen base pair
- 2. Watson and Crick model of B-DNA, types of DNA
- 3. Basic structure and functions of different types RNA
- 4. Denaturation and Renaturation of DNA, Cot curves, Hpyochromaticity and Hyperchromaticity of DNA



Course Outcome: Students will be able to comprehend the fundamental principles of biochemistry and apply them to analyze the biochemical processes and functions in living organisms.

Suggested Readings:

- Cox, M.M and Nelson, D.L. (2008). Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, V Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. and Stryer, L. (2007). *Biochemistry*, VI Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- Murray, R.K., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M., Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W. and Well, P.A. (2009). *Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry*, XXVIII Edition, International Edition, The McGraw-Hill Companies Inc.
- Metzler DE (2021). Biochemistry: The Chemical Reactions of Living Cells. II Edition, Academic Press
- Watson, J.D., Baker, T.A., Bell, S.P., Gann, A., Levine, M. and Losick, R. (2008). Molecular Biology of the Gene, VI Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Lab. Press, Pearson Pub.
- Rastogi VB (2020). Zubay's Principles of Biochemistry. Medtech, Revised & Enlarged Edition

ZOO: DSC-253

Course Title: Practical – II (Genetics, Ecology, Histology, Biochemistry)

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

Learning objectives: To know the principles and mechanisms of genetics, ecology, histology, and biochemistry in relation to living organisms.

Genetics:

- 1. To study the Mendelian laws and gene interactions through power-point presentation
- 2. Study of human karyotype (normal and abnormal).
- 3. Pedigree analysis of some human inherited traits.

Ecology:

- 1. Study of life tables and plotting of survivorship curves of different types from the hypothetical/real data provided
- 2. Determination of population density in a natural/hypothetical community by quadrate method and calculation of Shannon-Weiner diversity index for the same community
- 3. Study of an aquatic ecosystem: Phytoplankton and zooplankton, Measurement of area, temperature, turbidity/penetration of light, determination of pH, and Dissolved Oxygen content (Winkler's method),
- 4. Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD)
- 5. Report on a visit to places of zoological importance

Histology:

1. Recording of simple muscle twitch with electrical stimulation through PowerPoint presentation



- 2. Demonstration of the unconditioned reflex action (Deep tendon reflex such as knee jerk reflex)
- 3. Study of permanent slides/micro-photographs of Mammalian skin, Cartilage, Bone, Spinal cord and brain tissue.
- 4. Study of permanent slide/micro-photographs of mammalian Pituitary, Testis, Ovary, Adrenal, Thyroid and Parathyroid
- 5. Microtomy: Preparation of permanent slides of Goat/Fish tissues

Biochemistry:

- 1. Qualitative tests of functional groups in carbohydrates and proteins
- 2. Paper chromatography of amino acids
- 3. Action of salivary amylase under optimum conditions
- 4. Effect of pH and temperature on the action of salivary amylase

Course outcome: Students will have a comprehensive understanding of the genetic, ecological, histological, and biochemical aspects of organisms and their interactions with the environment.

ZOO: DSM-251

Course Title: Practical (Animal Diversity, Physiology and Biochemistry, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution)

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

Learning Objectives: Understand the diversity of animals through practical exploration, explore the physiological and biochemical processes that occur in different animal species.

Animal Diversity

- 1. Study of museum specimens from each phylum (at least 3 specimen each) and sub-phyla as well as specimens of evolutionary significance.
- 2. Key for Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes. An —animal album containing photographs, cut outs, with appropriate write up about the above-mentioned taxa. Different taxa/ topics may be given to different sets of students for this purpose.

Physiology and Biochemistry

- 1. Preparation of hemin crystals
- 2. Study of permanent histological sections (slide/micro-photographs) of mammalian pituitary, thyroid, pancreas, adrenal gland
- 3. Study of permanent slides/micro-photographs of spinal cord, duodenum, liver, lung, kidney, bone, cartilage
- 4. Study of activity of salivary amylase under optimum conditions

Genetics and Evolutionary Biology

- 1. Study of Mendelian Inheritance and gene interactions (Non Mendelian Inheritance) using suitable examples. Verify the results using Chi-square test.
- 2. Study of fossil evidences from plaster cast models or pictures



3. Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens/ pictures

Molecular Biology:

- 1. Study of Polytene chromosomes from Chironomous / Drosophila larvae
- 2. Quantitative estimation of DNA using colorimeter or spectrophotometer

Course Outcome: Students will be able to demonstrate practical skills in animal identification, physiological and biochemical experimentation, genetic and molecular analysis, and understand the role of evolution in shaping animal diversity.

ZOO: DSM-252

Course Title: Genetics and Molecular Biology

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 45

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning objectives: To understand the fundamental principles of genetics and molecular biology

Unit 1: Mendelism and its Extension

- 1. Principles of inheritance
- 2. Incomplete dominance and co-dominance
- 3. Allele concept multiple alleles, pseudo allele and lethal allele
- 4. Epistasis, hypostasis and pleiotrophy

Unit 2: Linkage, Crossing Over and Mutation

- 1. Linkage types of linkage, linkage groups and significance
- 2. Crossing over types of crossing over, mechanism and significance
- 3. Mutation Gene and chromosome mutations

Unit 3: Sex Determination, Sex-linked Inheritance and Extra-chromosomal Inheritance

- 1. Chromosomal, cytoplasmic, hormonal and environmental basis of sex determination
- 2. Sex-linked inheritance
- 3. Extra-chromosomal inheritance

Unit 4: Nucleic Acids

- 1. Salient features and chemical composition of DNA and RNA
- 2. Watson and Crick model of DNA; Types and functions of DNA
- 3. Structure of RNA its types and functions

Unit 5: DNA Replication, Transcription and Translation

- 1. DNA replication types and mechanism of DNA replication in Prokaryotes
- 2. Mechanism of transcription in Prokaryotes
- 3. Genetic code, mechanism of translation in Prokaryotes



Course Outcome: Students will able to demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of genetics and molecular biology, including the ability to analyze genetic data.

- Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., Snustad, D.P. (2008). Principles of Genetics. VIII Edition. Wiley India
- Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler, S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll, S.B. Introduction to Genetic Analysis. IX Edition. W. H. Freeman and Co
- Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A. (2012). Concepts of Genetics. X Edition. Benjamin Cummings
- Strickberger MW (2015). Genetics. III Edition. Pearson Education India
- Russel PJ (2016). iGenetics A molecular Approach. III Edition. Pearson Education India
- Karp, G. (2010) Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.
- Becker, W.M., Kleinsmith, L.J., Hardin. J. and Bertoni, G. P. (2009). The World of the Cell. VII Edition. Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San Francisco.
- Bruce Alberts, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts, Peter Walter: Molecular Biology of the Cell, IV Edition.



SEMESTER - V

ZOO: DSC-301

Course Title: Animal Physiology

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To understand different physiological mechanisms in Mammal

Unit 1: Physiology of Digestion in Mammals

- 1. Mechanical and chemical events of digestion of food
- 2. Absorptions of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, water, minerals and vitamins
- 3. Gastrointestinal hormones, hormonal control of secretion of enzymes in GI tract.

Unit 2: Physiology of Respiration in Mammals

- 1. Mechanism of respiration, Pulmonary ventilation; Respiratory volumes and capacities
- 2. Transport of oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood; Respiratory pigments, Dissociation curves and the factors influencing it; Carbon monoxide poisoning.
- 3. Control of respiration, effect of high altitude and deep sea diving on respiration

Unit 3: Circulatory Physiology in Mammal

- 1. Circulation of blood through the heart of mammal
- 2. Structure and working of conducting myocardial fibres; Cardiac cycle; Cardiac output and its regulation, ECG
- 3. Blood pressure and its regulation
- 4. Hemostasis, Mechanism of blood coagulation, Fibrinolytic system,

Unit 4: Renal Physiology in Mammals

- 1. Structure of kidney and its functional unit
- 2. Mechanism of urine formation Counter current mechanism
- 3. Hormonal regulation of water balance; Regulation of acid-base balance
- 4. Hormonal regulation of the volume of urine

Unit 5: Neurophysiology in Mammals

- 1. Resting membrane potential; Graded potential; Action potential: Properties, its origin and conduction across the myelinated and non-myelinated nerve fibres
- 2. Mechanism of Synaptic transmission, EPSPs and IPSPs
- 3. Neurotransmitters: Types and functions
- 4. Neurodegenerative disorders; EEG

Course Outcome: Students will be able to comprehend and evaluate the diverse physiological processes, demonstrating a comprehensive understanding of animal physiology.



Suggested Readings:

- ▶ Hill RW, Wyse GA, Anderson M (2012). Animal Physiology. III Edition. Sinauer Associates Inc
- Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition. Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. W.B. Saunders Company.
- Kim E. Barrett KE, Barman SM, Yuan J X.-J., Brooks H (2019). Ganong's Review of Medical Physiology, McGraw-Hill Education / Medical; 26th Edition.
- Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons,
- Victor P. Eroschenko. (2008). diFiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional correlations. XII Edition. Lippincott W. & Wilkins.
- Vander A, Sherman J. and Luciano D. (2014). Vander's Human Physiology: The Mechanism of Body Function. XIII Edition, McGraw Hills

ZOO: DSC-302

Course Title: Biochemistry of Metabolic Processes

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60 (All units are of equal credits)

Marks: 100

Learning objectives: To understand biochemical processes in metabolism

Unit 1: Overview of Metabolism

- 1. Basic concept of catabolism and Anabolism, Stages of catabolism, Shuttle systems, membrane transporters
- 2. ATP as "Energy Currency of cell"; coupled reactions
- 3. Intermediary metabolism and regulatory mechanisms

Unit 2: Carbohydrate Metabolism

- 1. Sequence of reactions and regulation of glycolysis, fate of pyruvate
- 2. Citric acid cycle, Phosphate pentose pathway
- 3. Gluconeogenesis, Glycogenolysis and Glycogenesis

Unit 3: Lipid Metabolism

- 1. β-oxidation of saturated fatty acids with even and odd number of carbon atoms
- 2. Biosynthesis of palmitic acid
- 3. Ketogenesis

Unit 4: Protein Metabolism

- 1. Catabolism of amino acids: Transamination, Deamination
- 2. Urea Cycle
- 3. Fate of C-skeleton of Glucogenic and Ketogenic amino acids

Unit 5: Bioenergetics

- 1. Concept of oxidative phosphorylation, Redox systems, concept of free energy
- 2. Chemiosmotic theory and mitochondrial respiratory chain
- 3. Inhibitors and un-couplers of Electron Transport System



Course outcome: Students will gain a comprehensive understanding of the biochemistry underlying metabolic processes, enabling them to analyze and explain metabolic phenomena.

Suggested Readings:

- Cox, M.M and Nelson, D.L. (2008). Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, V Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. and Stryer, L. (2007). *Biochemistry*, VI Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- Murray, R.K., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M., Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W. and Well, P.A. (2009). *Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry*, XXVIII Edition, International Edition, The McGraw-Hill Companies Inc.
- Watson, J.D., Baker, T.A., Bell, S.P., Gann, A., Levine, M. and Losick, R. (2008). Molecular Biology of the Gene, VI Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Lab. Press, Pearson Pub.

ZOO: DSC-303

Course Title: Practical – III (Animal Physiology and Biochemistry of Metabolic Processes)

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

Learning objectives: To understand the physiological mechanisms underlying metabolic processes in animals.

Animal Physiology

- 1. Determination of ABO Blood group
- 2. Enumeration of red blood cells and white blood cells using haemocytometer
- 3. Estimation of haemoglobin using haemoglobinometer
- 4. Preparation of haemin and haemochromogen crystals
- 5. Recording of blood pressure using a sphygmomanometer
- 6. Examination of sections of mammalian oesophagus, stomach, duodenum, ileum, rectum liver, pancreas, trachea, lung, kidney using permanent slides/ micro-photographs.

Biochemistry of Metabolic Processes

- 1. Estimation of total protein in given solutions by Lowry's method
- 2. To study the enzymatic activity of Trypsin and Lipase
- 3. Detection of Alkaline Phosphatase assay from tissue
- 4. Estimation of glucose
- 5. Demonstration of effect of inhibitors on activity of Salivary amylase

Course outcome: Students will demonstrate proficiency in applying physiological and biochemical principles to explain and interpret animal metabolic processes.



ZOO: DSM-301

Course Title: Genetics and Molecular Biology

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 45

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning objectives: To understand the fundamental principles of genetics and molecular biology

Unit 1: Mendelism and its Extension

- 1. Principles of inheritance
- 2. Incomplete dominance and co-dominance
- 3. Allele concept multiple alleles, pseudo allele and lethal allele
- 4. Epistasis, hypostasis and pleiotrophy

Unit 2: Linkage, Crossing Over and Mutation

- 1. Linkage types of linkage, linkage groups and significance
- 2. Crossing over types of crossing over, mechanism and significance
- 3. Mutation Gene and chromosome mutations

Unit 3: Sex Determination, Sex-linked Inheritance and Extra-chromosomal Inheritance

- 1. Chromosomal, cytoplasmic, hormonal and environmental basis of sex determination
- 2. Sex–linked inheritance
- 3. Extra-chromosomal inheritance

Unit 4: Nucleic Acids

- 1. Salient features and chemical composition of DNA and RNA
- 2. Watson and Crick model of DNA; Types and functions of DNA
- 3. Structure of RNA its types and functions

Unit 5: DNA Replication, Transcription and Translation

- 1. DNA replication types and mechanism of DNA replication
- 2. RNA polymerases, mechanism of transcription if Prokaryotes
- 3. Genetic code, mechanism of translation in Prokaryotes

Course Outcome: Students will able to demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of genetics and molecular biology, including the ability to analyze genetic data.

- Sardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., Snustad, D.P. (2008). Principles of Genetics. VIII Edition. Wiley
- Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler, S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll, S.B. Introduction to Genetic Analysis. IX Edition. W. H. Freeman and Co
- Strickberger MW (2015). Genetics. III Edition. Pearson Education India
- ≻ Karp, G. (2010) Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI Edition. John Wiley
- Kleinsmith, L.J., Hardin. J. and Bertoni, G. P. (2009). The World of the Cell. VII Edition. Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San Francisco.
- Bruce Alberts, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts, Peter Walter: Molecular Biology of the Cell, IV Edition.



ZOO: DSM-302

Course Title: Evolution and Adaptation

Credits: 3

Contact hours: 45

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To understand the principles of evolutionary biology and their application to the diversity and adaptation of animal species.

Unit 1: Origin, theories and Evidences

- 1. Life's Beginnings: Chemogeny, RNA world, Biogeny
- 2. Origin of photosynthesis, Evolution of eukaryotes
- 3. Historical review of evolutionary concept: Lamarckism, Darwinism, Neo-Darwinism
- 4. Evidences of Evolution: Fossil record (types, transitional forms, geological time scale)

Unit 2: Population Genetics

- 1. Concept of gene pool, gene frequency and genotype frequency
- 2. Hardy-Weinberg Law: statement and derivation of equation
- 3. Genetic Drift: founder's effect, bottleneck phenomenon
- 4. Role of Migration and mutation in changing allele frequencies

Unit 3: Mechanism of Speciation

- 1. Product of evolution: Micro evolutionary changes (inter-population variations, clines, Races; Species concept)
- 2. Isolating mechanisms, modes of speciation—allopatric, sympatric
- 3. Adaptive radiation / macroevolution (exemplified by Galapagos finches and mammals)

Unit 4: Evolution of Horse and Human

- 1. Evolution of horse
- 2. Origin and evolution of man, Unique hominid characteristics contrasted with primate characteristics, primate phylogeny from *Dryopithecus* leading to *Homo sapiens*
- 3. Phylogenetic trees, Construction of phylogenetic trees and their interpretation

Unit 5: Adaptations

- 1. Adaptations physical, physiological and habitat adaptations and their significance
- 2. Different types of adaptation: Aquatic, Volant, Cursorial, Fossorial, Arid, and Arboreal
- 3. Colouration and mimicry

Course Outcome: Students will demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of evolutionary biology, its relevance to the study of life, and the ability to critically evaluate and explain evolutionary processes and patterns.

- Douglas, J. Futuyma (2006). Evolutionary Biology. Sinauer Associates Inc., US.; III Revised Edition
- Ridley, M (2004). Evolution. III Edition Blackwell publishing
- Hall, B.K. and Hallgrimson, B (2008). Evolution. IV Edition. Jones and Barlett Publishers.
- Campbell, N.A. and Reece J.B (2011). Biology. IX Edition. Pearson, Benjamin,
- Rastogi VB (2018). Organic Evolution. III Edition. MedTech



SEMESTER - VI

ZOO: DSC-C351

Course Title: Molecular Biology

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To know structure and functions of nucleic acids and principles of molecular biology

Unit 1: DNA Replication

- 1. Semi-conservative, bidirectional and semi-discontinuous replication
- 2. Mechanism of DNA Replication in prokaryotes
- 3. Basic difference between prokaryotic and eukaryotic Replication

Unit 2: Transcription

- 1. RNA polymerase and transcription Unit, Transcription factors
- 2. Mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes
- 3. Basic difference between prokaryotic and eukaryotic transcription
- 4. Post transcriptional Modifications: Capping, tailing and splicing

Unit 3: Translation

- 1. Genetic code, Wobble Hypothesis
- 2. Process of protein synthesis in prokaryotes
- 3. Post translational modifications
- 4. Difference between prokaryotic and eukaryotic translation

Unit 4: Gene Regulation

- 1. Concept of constitutive, regulated, inducible and repressible gene expression
- 2. Principles of transcriptional regulation with examples from lac operon and trp operon
- 3. RNA interference: miRNA and siRNA

Unit 5: DNA Repair, Mutations and Transposons

- 1. Mechanism of DNA Repair
- 2. Types and mechanism of gene mutation, Mutagens
- 3. Basic concept of Transposons and Transposable element

Course Outcome: Students will be able to demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the molecular basis of biological processes.

- Bruce Albert, Bray Dennis, Levis Julian, Raff Martin, Roberts Keith and Watson James (2008). Molecular Biology of the Cell, V Edition, Garland publishing Inc., New York and London.
- Karp, G. (2010). Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.


- Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. (2009). The Cell: A Molecular Approach. V Edition. ASM Press and Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA.
- > Lodish H, Berk A, Kaiser CA, et al (2007). Molecular Cell Biology. VI Edition. W. H. Freeman
- Watson, J.D., Baker, T.A., Bell, S.P., Gann, A., Levine, M. and Losick, R. (2008). Molecular Biology of the Gene, VI Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Lab. Press, Pearson Pub.

ZOO: DSC-352

Course Title: Evolutionary Biology

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To understand the principles of evolutionary biology and their application to the diversity and adaptation of animal species.

Unit 1: Origin, Theories and Evidences

- 1. Life's Beginnings: Chemogeny, RNA world, Biogeny
- 2. Origin of photosynthesis, Evolution of eukaryotes
- 3. Historical review of evolutionary concept: Lamarckism, Darwinism, Neo-Darwinism
- 4. Evidences of Evolution: Fossil record (types, transitional forms, geological time scale)

Unit 2: Population Genetics

- 1. Concept of gene pool, gene frequency and genotype frequency
- 2. Hardy-Weinberg Law: statement and derivation of equation
- 3. Genetic Drift: founder's effect, bottleneck phenomenon
- 4. Role of Migration and Mutation in changing allele frequencies

Unit 3: Mechanism of Speciation

- 1. Product of evolution: Micro evolutionary changes (inter-population variations, clines, Races; Species concept)
- 2. Isolating mechanisms, modes of speciation-allopatric, sympatric
- 3. Adaptive radiation / macroevolution (exemplified by Galapagos finches and mammals)

Unit 4: Evolution of Horse and Human

- 1. Evolution of horse
- 2. Origin and evolution of man, Unique hominid characteristics contrasted with primate characteristics, primate phylogeny from *Dryopithecus* leading to *Homo sapiens*
- 3. Phylogenetic trees, Construction of phylogenetic trees and their interpretation

Unit 5: Zoogeography

- 1. Zoogeographical realms, geographic range, Physical features and faunal composition; Distribution of animals, types; Continental drift
- 2. Barriers: Extrinsic and intrinsic barriers
- 3. Animal Dispersal means of dispersal



Course Outcome: Students will demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of evolutionary biology, its relevance to the study of life, and the ability to critically evaluate and explain evolutionary processes and patterns.

Suggested Readings:

- Douglas, J. Futuyma (2006). Evolutionary Biology. Sinauer Associates Inc., US.; III Revised Edition
- > Ridley, M (2004). Evolution. III Edition Blackwell publishing
- Hall, B.K. and Hallgrimson, B (2008). Evolution. IV Edition. Jones and Barlett Publishers.
- Campbell, N.A. and Reece J.B (2011). Biology. IX Edition. Pearson, Benjamin,
- Rastogi VB (2018). Organic Evolution. III Edition. MedTech
- > Pevsner, J (2009). Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics. II Edition Wiley-Blackwell
- Darlington PJ (1980). Zoogeography: The Geographical Distribution of Animals. R. E. Krieger Publishing Company

ZOO: DSC-353

Course Title: Reproductive and Developmental Biology

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning objectives: To understand the mechanisms of reproduction and development in animals

Unit 1: Reproductive Endocrinology

- 1. Reproductive System of Rat and Human, Development and differentiation of gonads, genital ducts, external genitalia.
- 2. Gonadal hormones and mechanism of hormone action, steroids, glycoprotein hormones, and prostaglandins, hypothalamo hypophyseal gonadal axis

Unit 2: Hormonal Regulation of Female Reproductive Cycles

- 1. Gametogenesis: Spermatogenesis, Oogenesis
- 2. Epididymal function and sperm maturation
- 3. Reproductive cycles (rat and human) and their regulation, changes in the female tract;
- 4. Ovum transport in the fallopian tubes; Sperm transport in the female tract

Unit 3: Early Embryonic Development

- 1. Types of eggs, Egg membranes
- 2. Fertilization (External and Internal): Changes in gametes, Blocks to polyspermy
- 3. Planes and patterns of cleavage, blastulation
- 4. Early development of chick up to gastrulation

Unit 4: Late Embryonic Development

- 1. Fate of Germ Layers Fate Map; organiser concept
- 2. Extra-embryonic membranes in birds and mammals
- 3. Implantation of embryo in humans
- 4. Placenta (Structure, types and functions of placenta)



Unit 5: Post Embryonic Development

- 1. Metamorphosis: Changes, hormonal regulations in amphibians and insects
- 2. Regeneration: Modes of regeneration, epimorphosis, morphallaxis and compensatory regeneration (with one example each)
- 3. Stem cell (ESC), Amniocentesis

Course Outcome: Students will be able to comprehend and apply the knowledge of reproductive and developmental biology to analyze and explain the diverse reproductive strategies and developmental process.

Suggested Readings:

- Gilbert, S. F. (2010). Developmental Biology, IX Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc., Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA
- Balinsky B. I. and Fabian B. C. (1981). An Introduction to Embryology, V Edition, International Thompson Computer Press
- ▶ Lewis Wolpert (2002). Principles of Development. II Edition, Oxford University Press
- > Knobil, E. et al. (eds). The Physiology of Reproduction. Raven Press Ltd.
- > Bolander FF (2004). Molecular Endocrinology. III Edition, Academic Press

ZOO: DSC-354

Course Title: Practical – IV (Molecular Biology, Evolution, Reproductive and Developmental Biology)

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

Learning objectives: To understand the fundamental principles and techniques of molecular biology, evolution, reproductive biology, and developmental biology.

Molecular Biology:

- 1. Study of Polytene chromosomes from Chironomous / Drosophila larvae
- 2. Quantitative estimation of DNA using colorimeter or spectrophotometer

Evolution:

- 1. Study of fossils from models/ pictures
- 2. Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens

Reproductive Biology:

- 1. Study of animal house through powerpoint presentation: set up and maintenance of animal house, breeding techniques, care of normal and experimental animals.
- 2. Surgical techniques through powerpoint presentation: Ovarectomy, hysterectorny, castration and vasectomy in rats.
- 3. Examination of histological sections from photomicrographs/ permanent slides of rat testis, epididymis and accessory glands of male reproductive systems.
- 4. Examination of histological sections from photomicrographs/ permanent slides of rat ovary, fallopian tube, uterus (proliferative and secretory stages), cervix and vagina.



Developmental Biology:

- 1. Study of whole mounts and sections of developmental stages of frog through permanent slides: Cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula
- 2. Study of whole mounts of developmental stages of chick through permanent slides: Primitive streak (13 and 18 hours), 21, 24, 28, 33, 36, 48, 72, and 96 hours of incubation
- 3. Study of the developmental stages and life cycle of *Drosophila* through audio-visual aids

Course outcome: Students will be able to apply molecular biology techniques and principles to investigate evolutionary relationships, reproductive processes, and developmental mechanisms in various organisms.

ZOO: DSM-351

Course Title: Practical (Cell Biology, Histology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution)

Credits: 4 Contact hours: 60 Marks: 100

Learning Objectives: To develop practical skills on fundamental concepts of cell biology, histology, genetics, molecular biology, and evolution.

Cell Biology:

- 1. Preparation of temporary stained squash of onion root tip to study various stages of mitosis
- 2. Study of various stages of meiosis.
- 3. Preparation of permanent slide to show the presence of Barr body in human female hair follicle cells

Histology:

- 1. Recording of simple muscle twitch with electrical stimulation through PowerPoint presentation
- 2. Study of the unconditioned reflex action (Deep tendon reflex such as knee jerk reflex)
- 3. Study of permanent slides of Mammalian skin, Cartilage, Bone, Spinal cord, Brain tissue, Pituitary, Pancreas, Testis, Ovary, Adrenal, Thyroid and Parathyroid

Genetics and Evolutionary Biology

- 4. Study of Mendelian Inheritance and gene interactions (Non Mendelian Inheritance) using suitable examples.
- 5. Study of fossil evidences from plaster cast models and pictures
- 6. Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens/ pictures

Molecular Biology:

- 3. Study of Polytene chromosomes from Chironomous / Drosophila larvae
- 4. Quantitative estimation of DNA using colorimeter or spectrophotometer

Course Outcome: Students will be able to apply their knowledge and skills to analyze and interpret biological phenomena at the cellular, histological, genetic, molecular, and evolutionary levels.



SEMESTER - VII

ZOO: DSC-401

Course Title: Immunology and Biotechnology

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning objectives: To understand the principles of immunology and the fundamentals of biotechnology and its applications in various fields

Unit 1: Understanding Immune System

- 1. Introduction to immune system, Clonal Selection, types of immunity, Innate and Adaptive immune system, Primary and Secondary immune responses
- 2. Molecules, cells and organs (primary and secondary lymphoid organs) of the immune system
- 3. Antigenicity and immunogenicity, basic properties of antigens, super antigen, haptens and adjuvants.
- 4. Structure, classes and function of antibodies, Affinity and Avidity

Unit 2: Working of Immune System

- 1. Structure and functions of MHC, exogenous and endogenous pathways of antigen processing and presentation
- 2. Components and pathways of Complement System
- 3. Properties, types and functions of cytokines
- 4. Monoclonal antibodies: Production and applications
- 5. General introduction to vaccines, Various types/generations of vaccines

Unit 3: Basics of Biotechnology

- 1. Recombinant DNA Technology, Restriction enzymes, DNA ligase, Polymerase etc.
- 2. Principles of Gene Cloning, Cloning Vehicles: Plasmids, Cosmids, Lamda phage. Selectable and Screening markers. Expression vector
- 3. Genomic and cDNA library, Methods of gene delivery, DNA Fingerprinting and DNA microarrays, Blue-white screening.

Unit 4: Applied Biotechnology I

- 1. Animal Tissue Culture: Culture media, Cell lines and applications, Transgenic animals, Gene therapy, Gene Knockout, Animal cloning
- 2. Gene Therapy.
- 3. Production of recombinant proteins:

Unit 5: Applied Biotechnology II

- 1. Application of computer in biology. Applications and Limitations of Bioinformatics Introduction to biological databases; Primary, secondary and composite databases; Drug discovery method (Basic concepts)
- 2. Importance, Goal, Scope; Genomics, Transcriptomics, Systems Biology, Functional Genomics, Metabolomics.



Course Outcome: Students will be able to demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of immunology and biotechnology, and apply their knowledge to address challenges in animal health and biomedical research.

Suggested readings:

- Kindt, T. J., Goldsby, R.A., Osborne, B. A. and Kuby, J (2006). Immunology, VI Edition. W.H. Freeman and Company.
- David, M., Jonathan, B., David, R. B. and Ivan R. (2006). Immunology, VII Edition, Mosby, Elsevier Publication.
- Abbas, K. Abul and Lechtman H. Andrew (2003-) Cellular and Molecular Immunology. V Edition. Saunders Publication.
- Coico R., and Sunshine G (2015). Immunology: A short course, VII Edition. WILEY Blackwell
- Brown T. A (2016). Gene Cloning & DNA Analysis: An Introduction, VIII Edition. WILEY Blackwell
- > Thieman WJ and Palladino MA (2015). Introduction To Biotechnology. III Edition. Pearson India
- Glick BR, Patten CL (2022). Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA. VI Edition. ASM Press

ZOO: DSC-402

Course Title: Toxicology and Environmental Monitoring

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objectives: To understand the principles of toxicology and to acquire knowledge of environmental monitoring techniques

Unit 1: Toxicology - I

- 1. Introduction of toxicology branches of toxicology
- 2. Classification of toxicants
- 3. Toxic agents pesticides, radiation, environmental carcinogens, poisons and metals
- 4. Food additives

Unit 2: Toxicology - II

- 1. Environmental pollution sources and types of pollution
- 2. Air pollution causes, effects and control of air pollution
- 3. Water pollution causes, effects and control of water pollution
- 4. Soil pollution causes, effects and control of soil pollution
- 5. Noise pollution causes, effects and control of noise pollution

Unit 3: Environmental monitoring

- 1. Ambient air monitoring: Methods of collection of gases and particulate pollutants
- 2. Methods of collection of water samples and analysis of physicochemical characteristics
- 3. Methods of collection of soil samples and analysis of physicochemical characteristics
- 4. Bio-monitoring and Bio-indication



Unit 4: Adaptive physiology - I

- 1. Adaptations, Stress and strain
- 2. Acclimation and acclimatization
- 3. Physiological adaptation to osmotic and ionic stress
- 4. Mechanism of cell volume regulation

Unit 5: Adaptive physiology - II

- 1. Osmoregulation in freshwater and marine environment Digestive system adaptations for different diets
- 2. Osmoregulation in terrestrial environment
- 3. Temperature regulation in animals ectotherms and endotherms
- 4. Bioluminescence in animals

Course Outcome: Students will be able to assess and mitigate the impacts of toxins on the environment and understand the importance of environmental monitoring in maintaining ecosystem health.

Suggested Readings

- C.N. Samyer, P.L. McCarthy and G.E. Parkin, 2002. Chemistry for Environmental Engineering and Science. John Harvey Press
- > H.H. Ramp, 2000. Laboratory manual for the extinction of water, waste water and soil. Wiley-VCH
- K. Pansey, J.P. Shukla and S.P. Trivedi, 2006. Fundamentals of Toxicology. New Central Book Agency(P) Ltd.
- Krut Schmidt-Nielsen, 2002. Animal Physiology- Adaptation and Environment, Cambridge University Press
- D. Randall, W. Burgger and K. French, 2001. Eckert's Animal Physiology: Mechnisms and Adaptations. W.H. Freeman & Co Ltd.

ZOO: DSC-403

Course Title: Animal Behavior and Chronobiology

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To understand principles and mechanisms underlying animal behaviour.

Unit 1: Introduction to Animal Behaviour

- 1. Origin and history of Ethology
- 2. Brief profiles of Karl Von Frisch, Ivan Pavlov, Konrad Lorenz and Niko Tinbergen, Proximate and ultimate causes of behaviour,
- 3. Methods and recording of animal behaviour

Unit 2: Patterns of Behaviour

- 1. Stereotyped Behaviours (Orientation, Reflexes); Individual Behavioural patterns;
- 2. Instinct vs. Learnt Behaviour;
- 3. Associative learning, classical and operant conditioning, Habituation, Imprinting



Unit 3: Social and Sexual Behaviour

- 1. Social Behaviour: Concept of Society; Communication and the senses;
- 2. Altruism; Insects' society with Honeybee as example;
- 3. Sexual Behaviour: Asymmetry of sex, Sexual dimorphism, Mate choice,
- 4. Intra-sexual selection (male rivalry), Inter-sexual selection (female choice)

Unit 4: Introduction to Chronobiology

- 1. Historical developments in chronobiology; Biological oscillation: the concept of Average, amplitude, phase and period.
- 2. Biological clocks: Adaptive significance of biological clocks;
- 3. Chronopharmacology, Chronomedicine, Chronotherapy, Role of melatonin

Unit 5: Biological Rhythm

- 1. Types and characteristics of biological rhythms: Short- and Long- term rhythms;
- 2. Circadian rhythms, Tidal rhythms, Lunar rhythms, Circannual rhythms; Concept of synchronization and masking
- 3. Photoperiod and regulation seasonal reproduction of vertebrates

Course Outcome: Students will be able to explain and predict animal behaviour patterns, and understand the importance of chronobiology in maintaining biological rhythms.

Suggested Readings:

- Manning A. and Dawkins, MS (2016). An Introduction to Animal Behaviour, Cambridge University Press India Private Limited
- Alcock J, Sherman PW (2005). Animal Behaviour, Sinauer Associate Inc
- > Dunlap JC (2004). Chronobiology Biological Timekeeping. Sinauer Associates, Inc.
- Vinod Kumar (2002). Biological Rhythms: Narosa Publishing House, Delhi/ Springer-Verlag
- Attenborough D (2022). The Trials of Life: A Natural History of Animal Behaviour. William Collins

ZOO: DSC-404

Course Title: **Practical – V (Immunology, Biotechnology, Toxicology and** Environmental Monitoring, Animal Behaviour)

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

Learning Objectives: To get practical understanding on the the principles of immunology, biotechnology, toxicology and environmental monitoring and animal behaviour.

Immunology:

- 1. Demonstration of lymphoid organs through audio-visual aids
- 2. Histological study of spleen, thymus and lymph nodes through slides/ photographs
- 3. Preparation of stained blood film to study various types of blood cells.
- 4. ABO blood group determination.
- 5. Demonstration of ELISA and Immunoelectrophoresis through audio-visual aids



Biotechnology:

- 1. Basic quality control measures and aseptic techniques in tissue culture.
- 2. Plant and Animal tissue culture media and their preparation.
- 3. Demonstration of Leukocyte culture technique from peripheral blood cells.

Toxicology and Environmental Monitoring:

- 1. Determination of BOD and COD of water from different sources
- 2. Determination of LC50/LD50 of selected pollutants in suitable indicator aquatic species like fish, water flea of tadpoles

Animal Behaviour:

- 1. To study nests and nesting habits of the birds and social insects.
- 2. To study geotaxis behaviour in earthworm.
- 3. To study the phototaxis behaviour in insect larvae.
- 4. Visit to National Park/ Wildlife sanctuary/ Biodiversity park/Places of Zoological importance to study Animal behaviour and submission of an academic field report on such visits/Project work.

Course Outcome: Students will be able to demonstrate proficiency in practical techniques of *immunology, biotechnology, toxicology, environmental monitoring, and analyzing animal behavior data.*

ZOO: DSM-401

Course Title: Evolution and Adaptation

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objective: To understand the principles of evolutionary biology and their application to the diversity and adaptation of animal species.

Unit 1: Origin, theories and Evidences

- 1. Life's Beginnings: Chemogeny, RNA world, Biogeny
- 2. Origin of photosynthesis, Evolution of eukaryotes
- 3. Historical review of evolutionary concept: Lamarckism, Darwinism, Neo-Darwinism
- 4. Evidences of Evolution: Fossil record (types of fossils, transitional forms, geological time scale

Unit 2: Population Genetics

- 1. Concept of gene pool, gene frequency and genotype frequency
- 2. Hardy-Weinberg Law: statement and derivation of equation
- 3. Genetic Drift: founder's effect, bottleneck phenomenon
- 4. Role of Migration and Mutation in changing allele frequencies



Unit 3: Mechanism of Speciation

- 1. Product of evolution: Micro evolutionary changes (inter-population variations, clines, Races; Species concept)
- 2. Isolating mechanisms, modes of speciation—allopatric, sympatric
- 3. Adaptive radiation / macroevolution (exemplified by Galapagos finches and mammals)

Unit 4: Evolution of Horse and Human

- 1. Evolution of horse
- 2. Origin and evolution of man, Unique hominid characteristics contrasted with primate characteristics, primate phylogeny from *Dryopithecus* leading to *Homo sapiens*
- 3. Phylogenetic trees, Construction of phylogenetic trees and their interpretation

Unit 5: Adaptations

- 1. Introduction to adaptations physical, physiological and habitat adaptations and their significance
- 2. Different types of adaptation: Aquatic, Volant, Cursorial, Fossorial, Arid, and Arboreal
- 3. Colouration and mimicry

Course Outcome: Students will demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of evolutionary biology, its relevance to the study of life, and the ability to critically evaluate and explain evolutionary processes and patterns.

- Douglas, J. Futuyma (2006). Evolutionary Biology. Sinauer Associates Inc., US.; III Revised Edition
- > Ridley,M (2004). Evolution. III Edition Blackwell publishing
- Hall, B.K. and Hallgrimson, B (2008). Evolution. IV Edition. Jones and Barlett Publishers.
- Campbell, N.A. and Reece J.B (2011). Biology. IX Edition. Pearson, Benjamin,
- Rastogi VB (2018). Organic Evolution. III Edition. MedTech
- > Pevsner, J (2009). Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics. II Edition Wiley-Blackwell





ZOO: DSC-451

Course Title: Research methodology/ Biotechniques & Biostatistics

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning objectives: To understand various biotechniques statistical tools used in biology

Unit 1: Microscopic and Spectroscopic Techniques

- 1. Concept of Magnification, Resolving power, Contrast and Fluorescence
- 2. Light Microscope: Basic working principles and applications of compound microscope, Phase contrast microscope, Dark field microscope, Fluorescence microscope
- 3. Electron Microscope: Working principles and applications of SEM and TEM.
- 4. Spectroscope: Basic principles and applications of UV- Spectroscope, IR- Spectroscope, and NMR in biological field

Unit 2: Separation Techniques

- 1. Chromatography: Principle and applications of Paper chromatography, TLC, Column Chromatography, Ion exchange Chromatography, Affinity chromatography and HPLC
- 2. Centrifugation: Principles and applications; Density gradient Centrifugation
- 3. Electrophoresis: Principle, Types (Agarose, PAGE, 2D) and their applications; Immunoelectrophoresis

Unit 3: Detection Technique and Tracers

- 1. PCR: Basic working principles and applications of RT-PCR, Quantitative PCR and Real-Time PCR, limitations, RFLP
- 2. Immunoassay: Working principles and applications of RIA, ELISA, Blotting (Western, Southern and Northern) techniques
- 3. In situ hybridization, FISH
- 4. Radioisotopes: Types and applications in tracing

Unit 4: Biostatistics I

- 1. Data, Types of Data, Frequency distribution for discrete and continuous data
- 2. Measures of Central Tendency: Mean (AM, GM, HM), Median, Mode
- 3. Measures of Dispersion (Range, Mean deviation, Standard deviation, Variance), Skewness and Kurtosis

Unit 5: Biostatistics II

- 1. Correlation, uses and interpretations
- 2. Regression: Simple linear regression, lines of regression, interpretation of the regression coefficients
- 3. Testing of Hypothesis: Types of hypotheses, Types of error, Standard error of mean, Sampling distribution (t-test and Chi-square test, F-test)



Course outcome: Students will be able to effectively utilize biotechniques and biostatistics to conduct and analyze zoological research.

Suggested Readings:

- Hofmann A, Clokie S (2018). Wilson and Walkers Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. VIII Edition. Cambridge University Press.
- Dillon PF (2012). Biophysics: A Physiological Approach. Cambridge University Press
- Karp G. (2010) Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.
- Gupta PK (2022). Biotechnology, Immunology, Biotechniques & Biostatistics. I Edition. Medtech Science Press
- Rana SVS (2018). Biotechniques (Theory & Practice). III Edition. Rastogi Publications
- > Zar JH (2014). Biostatistical Analysis. V Edition. Pearson Education India

ZOO: DSC-452

Course Title: Fish and Fisheries

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objectives: To understand the principles and practices of fishery management and sustainable fishing techniques.

Unit 1: Introduction and Classification

- 1. General description of fish; Account of systematic classification of fishes
- 2. Classification based on feeding habit, habitat and manner of reproduction.

Unit 2: Morphology and Physiology

- 1. Types of fins and their modifications; Locomotion in fishes; Hydrodynamics;
- 2. Types of Scales, Use of scales in Classification and determination of age of fish
- 3. Gills and gas exchange; Swim Bladder: Types and role in Respiration, buoyancy
- 4. Osmoregulation in fishes; Electric organs; Bioluminiscience; Schooling;
- 5. Parental care; Migration

Unit 3: Fisheries

- 1. Inland Fisheries; Marine Fisheries; Environmental factors influencing the seasonal variations in fish catches in the Bay of Bengal
- 2. Fishing crafts and Gears; Depletion of fisheries resources
- 3. Application of remote sensing and GIS in fisheries; Fisheries law and regulations

Unit 4: Aquaculture

- 1. Sustainable Aquaculture; Extensive, semi-intensive and intensive culture of fish
- 2. Pen and cage culture; Polyculture; Composite fish culture; Brood stock management
- 3. Induced breeding of fish; Management of finfish hatcheries;
- 4. Preparation and maintenance of fish aquarium; Preparation of compound diets for fish Role of water quality in aquaculture



Unit 5: Fish Diseases and fishery By-products

- 1. Fish diseases: Bacterial, viral and parasitic; EUS
- 2. Preservation and processing of harvested fish
- 3. Fishery by-products

Course Outcome: Students will be able to analyze and evaluate fish populations, habitats, and fisheries, and propose sustainable strategies for their conservation and management.

Suggested Readings:

- > Q Bone and R Moore, Biology of Fishes, Talyor and Francis Group, CRC Press, U.K.
- D. H. Evans and J. D. Claiborne, The Physiology of Fishes, Taylor and Francis Group, CRC Press, UK
- von der Emde, R.J. Mogdans and B.G. Kapoor. The Senses of Fish: Adaptations for the Reception of Natural Stimuli, Springer, Netherlands
- C.B.L. Srivastava, Fish Biology, Narendra Publishing House
- > J.R. Norman, A history of Fishes, Hill and Wang Publishers
- S.S. Khanna and H.R. Singh, A text book of Fish Biology and Fisheries, Narendra Publishing House

ZOO: DSC-453

Course Title: Applied Zoology

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objectives: To know the economic importance of animals and their applications in various human activities.

Unit 1: Medical Zoology

- 1. Concept of host and parasite, host-parasite relationship, zoonotic diseases with examples, epidemiology, communicable and non-communicable diseases with examples
- 2. Life cycle and pathogenicity of *Plasmodium vivax* and *Entamoeba histolytica*
- 3. Life cycle and pathogenicity of Fasciola hepatica and Wuchereria bancrofti

Unit 2: Applied Entomology

- 1. Beneficial and Harmful insects
- 2. Integrated pest management
- 3. Culture of lac insect for lac production

Unit 3: Animal Husbandry I

- 1. Importance of animal husbandry in agriculture and food production
- 2. Overview of different livestock organisms used in Assam and their characteristics
- 3. Artificial insemination in cattle population: Process, advantages, limitations
- 4. Common diseases affecting livestock and their prevention; Vaccination schedules



Unit 4: Animal Husbandry II

- 1. Prawn and Pearl Oyster culture
- 2. Poultry farming, common diseases and preventive measures
- 3. Selection criteria for dairy animals, balanced diets and feeding practices for optimal milk production, milking techniques and equipment, Managing reproductive cycles and lactation in dairy cows
- 4. Ethical considerations in using animals for research, and animal husbandry practices

Unit 5: Tool and Techniques in Wildlife Conservation

- 1. Methods for habitat assessment and mapping
- 2. Habitat restoration techniques and approaches
- 3. Wildlife monitoring Acoustic, Radio telemetry, GPS tracking, Conservation drones and Camera trapping
- 4. Geospatial analysis, Artificial intelligence and machine learning in conservation

Course Outcome: Students will be able to apply zoological concepts and techniques to address practical challenges in areas such as wildlife conservation, animal husbandry, and sustainable resource management.

- Paniker CKJ, <u>Ghosh</u> S (2018). Paniker's Textbook of Medical Parasitology. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, 8th Edition
- Chatterjee KD (2019). Parasitology (Protozoology and Helminthology). CBS, 13th Edition
- Selby C. Beekeeping: A Beginner's Guide to Backyard Beekeeping. 2nd Edition
- > Prost, P. J. (1962). Apiculture. Oxford and IBH, New Delhi.
- Ullal SR, Narasimhanna MN (1981). Handbook of practical sericulture. Central Silk Board, Bombay.
- Shukla GS and Upadhyay VB (2016). Economic Zoology. Rastogi Publications. 5th Edition
- > Islam A (2020). A Textbook of Economic Zoology. Dreamtech Press
- Mathialagan P (2020). Textbook of Animal Husbandry: Extension Education. CBS Publishers & Distributors; 4th Edition
- Banerjee GC (2019). Textbook of Animal Husbandry. Oxford; 8th Edition
- Bookhout, T.A. (1996). Research and Management Techniques for Wildlife and Habitats, 5th Edition. The Wildlife Society, Allen Press.
- Sutherland WJ. (2000). The Conservation Handbook: Research, Management and Policy. Blackwell Sciences
- Fang F, Tambe M, Dilkina B, Plumptre AJ (2019). Artificial Intelligence and Conservation. Cambridge University Press



ZOO: DSC-454

Course Title: Comparative Anatomy and Sense Organs

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning Objectives: To understand comparative structure and functions of different organs across vertebrate series.

Unit 1: Integumentary and Skeletal Systems

- 1. Structure, functions and derivatives of integument in vertebrates
- 2. Overview of axial and appendicular skeleton of vertebrates
- 3. Evolution of Visceral arches

Unit 2: Digestive and Respiratory Systems

- 1. Comparative account of alimentary canal and associated glands in vertebrates
- 2. Comparative account of respiratory organs in fish, amphibians, birds and mammals

Unit 3: Circulatory and Urinogenital Systems

- 1. Evolution of heart and aortic arches in vertebrates
- 2. Succession of kidney in vertebrates, Evolution of urinogenital ducts in vertebrates

Unit 4: Nervous Systems

- 1. Comparative account of brain in vertebrates
- 2. Autonomic nervous system, Spinal cord, Cranial nerves in mammals

Unit 5: Sense Organs

- 1. Classification of receptors, chemoreceptors, mechanoreceptors and magnetoreception
- 2. Brief account of visual receptors in human
- 3. Brief account of auditory receptors in human

Course Outcome: Students will gain a comprehensive understanding of comparative anatomy and sense organs of vertebrates, enabling them to interpret and evaluate the anatomical diversity and sensory adaptations in the animal kingdom.

- Kardong K (2018). Vertebrates: Comparative Anatomy, Function, Evolution. McGraw Hill; 8th Edition
- Kent GC, Carr RK (2000). Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates. McGraw Hill Higher Education; 9th Edition
- > Pough H. Vertebrate life. Pearson International; 8th Edition
- ▶ Hildebrand M (2001). Analysis of Vertebrate Structure. John Wiley & Sons Inc; 5th Edition.



ZOO: DSM-451

Course Title: Biological Techniques

Credits: 4

Contact hours: 60

Marks: 100

(All units are of equal credits)

Learning objectives: To understand various biotechniques statistical tools used in biology

Unit 1: Microscopic and Spectroscopic Techniques

- 1. Concept of Magnification, Resolving power, Contrast and Fluorescence
- 2. Light Microscope: Basic working principles and applications of compound microscope, Phase contrast microscope, Dark field microscope, Fluorescence microscope
- 3. Electron Microscope: Working principles and applications of SEM and TEM.
- 4. Spectroscope: Basic principles and applications of UV- Spectroscope, IR- Spectroscope, and NMR in biological field

Unit 2: Separation Techniques

- 1. Chromatography: Principle and applications of Paper chromatography, TLC, Column Chromatography, Ion exchange Chromatography, Affinity chromatography and HPLC
- 2. Centrifugation: Principles and applications; Density gradient Centrifugation
- 3. Electrophoresis: Principle, Types (Agarose, PAGE, 2D) and their applications; Immunoelectrophoresis

Unit 3: Detection Technique and Tracers

- 1. PCR: Basic working principles and applications of RT-PCR, Quantitative PCR and Real-Time PCR, limitations, RFLP
- 2. Immunoassay: Working principles and applications of RIA, ELISA, Blotting (Western, Southern and Northern) techniques
- 3. In situ hybridization, FISH
- 4. Radioisotopes: Types and applications in tracing

Unit 4: Biostatistics I

- 1. Data, Types of Data, Frequency distribution for discrete and continuous data
- 2. Measures of Central Tendency: Mean (AM, GM, HM), Median, Mode
- 3. Measures of Dispersion (Range, Mean deviation, Standard deviation, Variance), Skewness and Kurtosis

Unit 5: Biostatistics II

- 1. Correlation, uses and interpretations
- 2. Regression: Simple linear regression, lines of regression, interpretation of the regression coefficients
- 3. Testing of Hypothesis: Types of hypotheses, Types of error, Standard error of mean, Sampling distribution (t-test and Chi-square test, F-test)

Course outcome: Students will be able to effectively utilize biotechniques and biostatistics to conduct and analyze zoological research.



- Hofmann A, Clokie S (2018). Wilson and Walkers Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. VIII Edition. Cambridge University Press.
- > Dillon PF (2012). Biophysics: A Physiological Approach. Cambridge University Press
- Karp G. (2010) Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.
- Gupta PK (2022). Biotechnology, Immunology, Biotechniques & Biostatistics. I Edition. Medtech Science Press
- > Rana SVS (2018). Biotechniques (Theory & Practice). III Edition. Rastogi Publications
- > Zar JH (2014). Biostatistical Analysis. V Edition. Pearson Education India